GEOGRAFIA

MALDAH - THE PRIDE OF BENGAL

- Population (According to 2011 Census)
- Total ⇒ 3290468 persons
- ♂ Male ⇒ 1689406 persons
- ♀ Female ⇒ 1601062 persons

Economy :

In 2006 the Ministry of Panchayat Raj named Malda one of the country's 250 most backward districts (out of a total of 640). It is one of the eleven districts in West Bengal currently receiving funds from the Backward Regions Grant Fund Programme (BRGF). No notable industry is made here. Most of the people of the district are agricultural labourers and unskilled labourers.

Other tourist Sports :

- Firoj Minar
- Dakhil Darwaja
- Kotwali Darwaja
- Adina Eco Park / Adina Dargah
- Kutubshahi Masjid
- Hamamghar

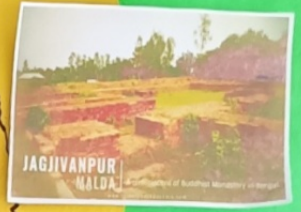
Total Area ⇒ 3733 sq km

Demography

According to 2011 Census the district has a population of 3290468 persons including 1689406 males and 1601062 females. The district has a sex ratio of 948 females for every 1000 males. The major religions in the district are Muslim (51.27%) and Hindu (48%) of the total population respectively. According to Census India, the literacy rate of the district is about 64.79% and population growth rate was 21.5%.

Jagjibanpur :-
The discovery of a copper plate charters of 9th century in Malda has revealed that the Pala rulers Mahendrapala, who claimed himself as the son and successor of Devapala, granted a piece of land to Mahasenapati Vajradeva to build a monastery there. The archaeologists found five major mounds viz. Tulabihar, Mahendrapur, Nandangarh Mathbile in and around the village of JAGJIBANPUR.

EKLAKHI MAUSOLEUM :-
The EKLAKHI Mausoleum is the most elegant monument in Pandua. One of the first square brick tombs in Bengal, with a convex Ganesh on the doorway it is the tomb of Son of Hindu Raja



Adina Masjid :
Adina Masjid built in 1369 by Sultan Sikandar Shah. One of the largest mosques in India, it also typifies the most developed mosque architecture of the period, the arcuated design being based on the great 8th century mosque of Damascus. Carved basalt masonry from earlier Hindu temples is used to support the 88 bricks arches and 378 identical small domes.

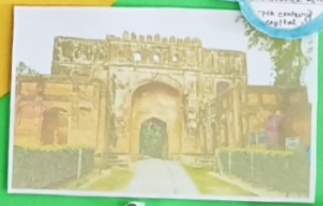
MALDA TOWN

BARODOUR

Ramkeli :
Situated at a distance of nearing 14 km from Malda towards South, on the way to Gour, Ramkeli is famous for being the temporary home of Sri Chaitanya, the Vaishnava reformer of Bengal, where he had stayed for a few days on his way to Vrindaban. A conglomeration of two tamal and two Kadamba trees can still be seen, under which the saint is said to have meditated. A small temple constructed under this tree contains Sri Chaitanya's footprint on stone. There are eight kundas or tanks flanking the temple.

Baradouri / Bara Sona Mosque :
Baradouri mosque is also a attractive rectangular structure with a facade of basalt and slabs. This mosque is the largest monument in Gour. Though the name means "twelve doors", the mosque actually has eleven. The construction of this huge mosque measures 50.4m by 22.8m. and 12m. in height.

Gour :
Situated at a distance of 16 km. south of Maldah Town on the border with Bangladesh. Gour came to Prominence in the 15th century A.D. as the capital



Specialization :

- Mango Production
- Jute Production
- Silk Production

Agriculture

The economy of the district is based on agriculture and processing of mangoes. The mangoes of the district are nationally and internationally acclaimed. Besides mango other fruits are also cultivated in considerable amount. Vegetables and flowers are also produced in sufficient. Mango is undoubtly the best known products of the district having national and international fame. A range of delectable table fruit, ranging from the famous langma to the himsagar, ompoteti, laxmanbhog, fazli mango varieties galore in the district.

Location of Maldah

Latitudinal Location : 24°50.4' N - 25°22.8' N
Longitudinal Location : 87°66.8' E - 88°21.0' E
On the west of Maldah lies Bihar and Jharkhand state. On the east of Maldah lies Bangladesh country. On the north of Maldah lies Dakshin Dinajpur district. On the south of Maldah lies Murshidabad district.

KOLKATA

Department of Geo

Semester - VI	Batch
• Aniket Banerjee	• Rituparna
• Arnab Bhattacharya	• Rohit M
• Ayantika Das	• Salim
• Chayantika Sardar	• Sourabh
• Krishnendu Naskar	• Sukanta
• Pratik Dey	• Tuhin M
• Prasanna Bhowal	
• Prattush Kr. Das	